

# Visit SVN to Git + GitHub Transition Notes

11/30/17



# Outline

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- Repo Structure
- Release Workflow

# Current SVN Repo Layout

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- data
- docs
- src
- releases
- test
- third\_party
- windowsbuild
- vendor\_branches

# Current SVN Repo Layout

- data (4.3 gb history, 1.1 gb head)
- docs (1 gb history, 400 mb head)
- src
- releases
- test
- third\_party (5 gb history, 1.5 gb head)
- windowsbuild (2.3 gb history, 3.1 gb head)
- vendor\_branches

# Things we want to migrate to git

- data
- docs
- src
- ~~releases~~
- test
- ~~third\_party~~
- windowsbuild
- ~~vendor\_branches~~

## Rationale:

*releases* and *third\_party* are really just used to host files, they don't need to be rev controlled. We can host them with a simple webserver instead of in git.

*vendor\_branches* was used to keep our own forks of tpl source (like vtk). There are now other practical options for this (like a proper git fork), and we don't currently have any active dev like this

# Proposed Top Level Source Repo Design (“visit”)

- scripts (extract relevant stuff from svn\_bin, including build\_visit)
- src
  - new sub-dir: data (extract source code for creating example data from old “data”)
  - new sub-dir: test (extract source code related to testing from old “test”)
  - new sub-dir: docs (extract website (maybe) and sphinx docs from old “docs”)

# Proposed Other Repos

- visit-project-resources
  - (other stuff from docs?, website (maybe), presentations, etc)
- visit-data
  - test-baselines (from tests)
  - new sub-dir: test-data (tarballs of example data from old “data”)
- visit-dependencies
  - windows-build

# Proposed Top Level Repo Design (visit w/ submodules)

- scripts (extract relevant stuff from svn\_bin)
- src
  - new sub-dir: data (extract source code for creating example data from old “data”)
  - new sub-dir: test (extract source code related to testing from old “test”)
  - new sub-dir: docs (extract sphinx docs from old “docs”)
- visit-project-resources (included as submodule)
  - (other stuff from docs?, website, presentations, etc)
- visit-data (included as submodule)
  - test-baselines
  - test-data
- visit-dependencies (included as submodule)
  - windows-build



# What is Git LFS?

- Git LFS = Large File Storage
  - Optimizations for revision control and use of large binary files w/ git
    - Checksums are stored in the git repo instead of actual files
    - Only pull specific version (not full history) of the actual data
  - Bandwidth and storage are metered on github, we will buy data packs

# Things that will require git-lfs

- visit-project-resources
  - visit-data
  - visit-dependences
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- In these projects, we will setup rules to store all binary files (\*.tar.gz, \*.pdf, \*.gif, \*.jpg, etc) with git-lfs, regardless of size

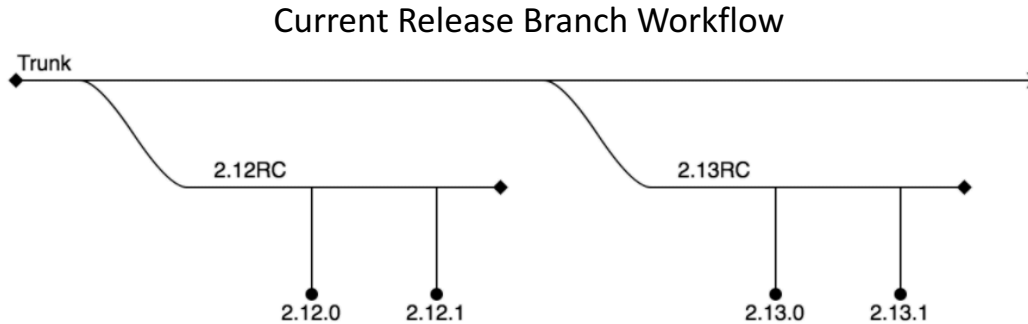
# Notes

- git-lfs:
  - Main visit repo doesn't require git-lfs (reduces complexity)
  - other repos use git-lfs
- submodules:
  - When using main repo, pulling submodule contents is optional, only needed for specific cases:
    - (windows builds)
    - (using testing data)
    - (accessing project docs other than manual)
  - Why even include as submodules?
    - It allows us to rev-control which commit of each repo we match to the main repo.
    - (for example, which commit of visit-test-data we are using)
- web hosting:
  - Github can host tarballs w/ release binaries (no limit on # of files, each file must be <1 gb)
  - We can use web server to host third\_party tarballs for build\_visit

# Git Workflow

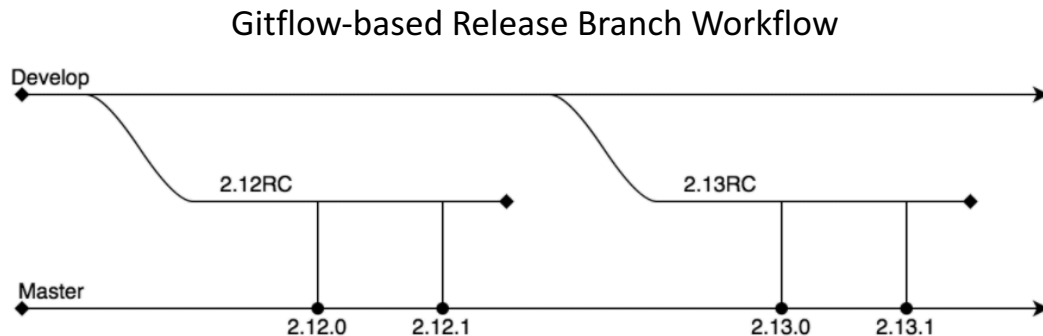
- A git workflow is a recipe for how to use branches, for development, releases, etc.
- We will use the commonly used "Git Flow" workflow.
  - <https://www.atlassian.com/git/tutorials/comparing-workflows#gitflow-workflow>
  - We will use "topic" branches + CI-vetted Pull Requests for all merges, these slides focus on how we use branches for releases
- **The basic release strategy is very similar to our current RC branch-based SVN workflow.**

# Workflow: Release Branches



Releases are tagged off of RC branches

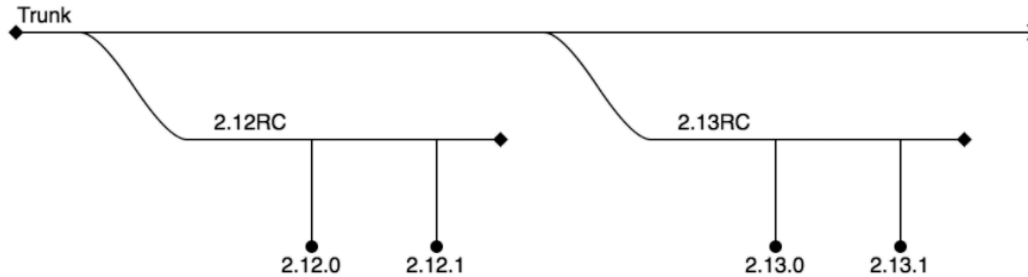
# Workflow: Release Branches



RC branches merge into Master, releases are tagged off of Master.

# Workflow: Release Branches Comparison

Current Release Branch Workflow



Gitflow-based Release Branch Workflow

